



Ursinus College
Digital Commons @ Ursinus College

Providence Independent Newspaper, 1875-1898


The Historical Society of Trappe, Collegeville,
Perkiomen Valley

11-19-1896

Providence Independent, V. 22, Thursday, November 19, 1896,
[Whole Number: 1117]

Providence Independent

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.ursinus.edu/providence>

 Part of the [American Politics Commons](#), [Cultural History Commons](#), [Social History Commons](#), and the [United States History Commons](#)

[Click here to let us know how access to this document benefits you.](#)

Recommended Citation

Independent, Providence, "Providence Independent, V. 22, Thursday, November 19, 1896, [Whole Number: 1117]" (1896). *Providence Independent Newspaper, 1875-1898*. 896.
<https://digitalcommons.ursinus.edu/providence/896>

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the The Historical Society of Trappe, Collegeville, Perkiomen Valley at Digital Commons @ Ursinus College. It has been accepted for inclusion in Providence Independent Newspaper, 1875-1898 by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons @ Ursinus College. For more information, please contact aprock@ursinus.edu.



ACCEPT THE TRUTH WHEREVER FOUND.

DO RIGHT FOR THE SAKE OF RIGHT

Volume 22.

Collegeville, Pa., Thursday, November 19, 1896.

Whole Number: 1117

J. W. ROYER, M. D.,
Practising Physician,
TRAPPE, Pa. Office at his residence, nearly
opposite Masonic Hall.

M. Y. WEBER, M. D.,
Practising Physician,
EVANSBURG, Pa. Office Hours: Until 9
a. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

E. A. KRUSEN, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician,
COLLEGEVILLE, Pa. Office Hours: Until 9
a. m.; 6 to 8 p. m.

S. B. HORNING, M. D.,
Practising Physician,
EVANSBURG, Pa. Telephone in office.
Office hours until 9 a. m.

D. R. E. F. PLACE,
Dentist,
311 DEKALB ST., NORRISTOWN, PA.
Rooms 6 and 7, 2nd Floor. Fall sets of teeth,
\$5 to \$10. Teeth extracted by new process or gold.

Cheapest Dentist in Norristown.
N. S. BORNEMAN, D. D. S.,
209 SWANEE STREET, (1st house)
below Main Street, NORRISTOWN, PA.
(Formerly of Hagerstown.)
The only place where Pure Nitrous Oxide
(Laughing Gas) is made a specialty for the
painless extraction of teeth. Beautiful Artificial
Teeth inserted. All kinds of fillings neatly
done by an expert operator. English and Ger-
man spoken.

DR. FRANK BRANDRETH,
(Successor to Dr. Chas. Ryckman.)
DENTIST,
ROYERSFORD, PA. Practical Dentistry at
lowest prices.

F. G. HOBSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
NORRISTOWN AND COLLEGEVILLE.
All legal business attended to promptly. First-
class Stock Fire Insurance Companies re-
presented. At home, Collegeville, every evening.

EDWARD E. LONG,
Attorney-at-Law,
and NOTARY PUBLIC. Settlement of Estates a
Specialty.
Office: Corner Swede and Erie Streets,
opposite Court House. Residence: North Corner
Marshall & Stange Streets, NORRIS-
TOWN, PA.

MAYNE R. LONGSTRETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
Land Title and Trust Company Building, 68
and 60 Chestnut Street, Phila., Pa.
Room 22.

HARVEY L. SHOMO,
Attorney at Law,
ROYERSFORD, PA. All business entrusted
to my care promptly and accurately.
Patents and pensions. 4-11

JOHN T. WAGNER,
WAGNER & WILLIAMS,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
8 E. AIRY STREET, NORRISTOWN, PA.
Conveyancing and Real Estate. Properties
bought, sold, and exchanged. Real estate
money to lend on good security. All legal busi-
ness entrusted to my care promptly and accurately.
Mr. Wagner can be seen evenings at Iron-
bridge, Mr. Williams at Fort Providence.
Philadelphia Office, 420 Walnut St., Room 38.
Consultations in English or German. 4-16

J. M. ZIMMERMAN,
Justice of the Peace,
COLLEGEVILLE, PA. Legal Papers, Bonds,
Deeds, etc., executed and acknowledged.
Taken. Conveyancing and Real Estate busi-
ness generally attended to. The clerking of
sales a specialty.

JOHN S. HUNSICKER,
Justice of the Peace,
RAHN STATION, PA. Conveyancing and
General Business Agent. Clerking of sales at-
tended to. Charges reasonable.

EDWARD DAVID,
Painter and
Paper-Hanger,
COLLEGEVILLE, PA. Samples of paper
always on hand.

L. B. WISMER,
Practical Slater,
COLLEGEVILLE, PA. Always on hand
rodding, slate, slate flagging and roofing felt.
All orders promptly attended to. Also on
hand a lot of greystone flagging.

J. P. KOONS,
Practical Slater,
RAHN STATION, PA. Dealer in every qual-
ity of roofing, flagging and Ornamental
Slates. Send for estimates and prices.

DANIEL SHULER,
Contractor and Builder,
TRAPPE, PA. Contracts for the construction
of all kinds of buildings executed. Estimates
cheerfully furnished. 22ma.

A. J. TRUCKSSEN,
—TEACHER OF—
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC,
PROVIDENCE SQUARE, PA. Organs tuned
and repaired. 14pily

PASSENGERS
And Baggage
Conveyed to and from Collegeville Station.
Charges reasonable.
HENRY YOST, Collegeville, Pa.

JOHN H. CASSELBERRY,
Surveyor & Conveyancer.
All kinds of legal papers drawn. The clerking
of sales a specialty. Charges reasonable.
P. O. Address: Lower Providence, Pa. Resi-
dence: Evansburg, Pa. 18oc.

SUNDAY PAPERS.
Different Philadelphia papers delivered
to those wishing to purchase in Collegeville and
Trappe every Sunday morning.
HENRY YOST, New Agent,
Collegeville, Pa.

W. J. THOMPSON,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
Collegeville Meat Store!
Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork and Dried Meats
always on hand.
Patrons served from wagon every Tuesday,
Thursday and Saturday. 28oc.

F. W. WALTERS,
Contractor and Builder,
TRAPPE, PA.
Contracts for all kinds of buildings executed.
Estimates cheerfully furnished. 2jan.

JOHN M. LATSHAW,
—TEACHER OF—
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC,
TRAPPE, PA.
Also Practical Organ Tuner, having had an
experience of 20 years. 28au.

LIZZIE FRY,
Dressmaker,
Near EAGLEVILLE, PA. Will take sewing
in at home, or can be employed by the week.

THE LAWYER'S STORY

One day I took up the morning paper, and was soon interested in the graphic account of a cold-blooded murder and bank robbery. The Fifth National, one of the richest banks in the city, had been robbed of \$100,000 and the janitor shot.

The cashier was found the morning after the occurrence in a small closet in the inner office, and his death was expected hourly—the great wonder being that he had not been smothered.

The janitor occupied a room on the lower floor, but his body was discovered in the room adjoining the office in which the cashier was found, and in which was the safe.

The doctors all agreed that the janitor had lived for at least ten minutes after being shot; that he must have struggled hard, for his head showed marks of blows from the butt of the revolver.

That this could all take place in an adjoining room, and the cashier not be put on his guard, seemed absurd, and there were many who claimed that he was an accomplice, had opened the safe and then been locked in the closet without considering the insufficiency of air.

The cashier, contrary to all expectations, recovered and told his story. He stated that he was detained at the bank by some work until 9 o'clock. He heard no noise of any kind, but was seated at his desk busily writing; then he heard some one exclaim: "Look around, or make a noise, and you are a dead man!"

Looking naturally ahead, he beheld in the mirror over his desk a man in his shirt sleeves, who held a revolver close to his head. The fellow was about six feet in height, stout, and had on a black mask, which covered his face to the mouth; his chin was bare, and his revolver was held in the right hand, the left arm being cut off at the elbow.

"I have come for the money in that safe. I have killed the janitor, and will kill you unless you open it. In order to show you that I mean business, I have brought the body of the janitor upstairs, and he is in the next room. Walk to the door and look at him."

The cashier walked to the door of the main office and beheld the dead body of the janitor upon the floor.

"Now, open the safe," said the robber.

The cashier, frightened at the fate before him if he refused, decided to open the safe, hoping for an opportunity to overpower the ruffian, but when the safe was open the robber quietly ordered him to enter the closet.

The closet was so small that a person could not turn around in it, otherwise he would have pushed open the door and grappled with the robber when he heard him drop the revolver, which he was obliged to do to lock the door.

He heard the robber at the safe, but in a few minutes became unconscious from lack of air, and knew nothing more until his recovery.

The description was almost an exact one of Colonel Coventry, one of the bank directors. The Colonel had been an officer in the war, and had lost his left forearm.

Two men had informed the reporter that they had seen Colonel Coventry walking by the bank at 8:30 on the evening of the murder. This evidence was sufficient to cause his arrest, and he was placed in jail.

I determined to defend Colonel Coventry, for I saw an opportunity to prove his innocence and make a reputation for myself. He looked at me in surprise, and smilingly said that he had older and more experienced lawyers.

"Colonel," I said, "they, as well as all who read the papers, do believe you guilty; but I know you are innocent, and what is more, you can prove it."

"Prove it!" said the Colonel. "But how?"

"If you will promise to give me the case if you are satisfied with my theory, I will tell it to you."

"Of course, I will give you the case if you can prove me innocent."

I then related my plan of defense, and when I had finished the Colonel shook me joyfully by the hand, and said: "God bless you, my boy! You will save me from the gallows!"

As you remember, the case was the topic of the day, and Colonel Coventry was thought crazy, the strongest proof being the fact that he had engaged me to defend him.

I knew that the reaction would be powerful, and that those who now reviled and sneered at me would, ere long, be sounding my praise.

The trial came on. The government first brought forward the two men who swore to seeing Colonel Coventry walking by the bank at 8:30 o'clock on the night of the murder. Then the evidence was brought to show that the colonel, although a rich man, was just at that time in need of ready money to complete a speculation in which he was engaged.

The last and strongest witness was Charles Brand, the cashier, who testified to the description of his assailant, which corresponded to that of my client, and swore in the most positive manner that the robber had lost his left arm at the elbow.

The government's attorney was a great sportsman and betting man. So, leaning over to him, I said: "How much will you bet that I will not prove my client's innocence?"

"O, if you are anxious to bet, I will run up \$500," he answered, "though I dislike to bet on a sure thing."

"I'll cover your bet," I said. "You think you have a sure thing, and so do I, so we are safe."

I arose and addressed the court, saying I had but one witness to call; that I might bring many witnesses to prove that it was Col. Coventry's invariable custom to take a walk after his dinner, and that he always came back by way of the bank; also many, to prove that the colonel could have borrowed on his personal note, and did borrow in that way all the money he needed for his speculation; but the one witness whom I was about to call upon could and would prove beyond a shadow of a doubt that the colonel was not the murderer and robber.

But when I called Charles Brand the murmur of surprise that rippled out through the room was ludicrous. Of all the surprised ones, none was more so than the cashier, so unexpectedly called upon as an infallible witness in favor of the man whom he had only a few moments before virtually condemned.

"You are positive that it was the right hand in which the prisoner held the pistol?"

"Yes," he answered, "I am positive."

"Could it not have been his left hand?"

"No; his left hand was gone."

I spoke a few words to my clerk, who went out, returning in a few moments with a large frame covered completely with a cloth, which I placed in front of the cashier.

"Now, Mr. Brand, I wish you to look at that without turning your head till such a time as I tell you."

I signaled to Colonel Coventry, who advanced, removed his coat, put on the black mask, which had been brought to the court room, took the revolver in his hand, his right one, and stood behind the cashier's chair, pointing the muzzle at his head.

At a sign from me my clerk pulled away the cloth, and displayed a large plate glass mirror. When the cashier saw the figure in the mirror he started from his chair in surprise, but I held him down.

"Tell me," I said, "is this figure that of the robber?"

"The identical likeness," he answered.

"Look closer! Is there no difference?"

In a few minutes he said: "Oh, yes! The figure is holding the revolver in his left hand."

"Is it possible, then, that this could have been the man who stood behind your chair in the bank?" I questioned.

"No, I am sure he cannot be the same now that I look closer, for this man has lost his right hand and holds the pistol in his left, while the man at the bank held the pistol in his right hand, as I said before."

"Turn around," I said.

There stood Colonel Coventry, with the mask off, holding the pistol in his right hand. Mr. Brand jumped to his feet, exclaiming: "I see it all now! What a fool I must have been! The figures were just reversed in the mirror, and the man I saw at the bank really held the pistol in his left hand."

Needless to say that my opponent paid his bet, and soon a check from Colonel Coventry for \$10,000 was presented to me. Of course I was the talk of the city, and my reputation was made.

Was the murderer ever apprehended? Yes, some time afterward, while trying to negotiate some of the bonds. He was arrested, convicted, and hanged, after making a full confession.—*Utica Globe.*

PORT KENNEDY CAVE DEPOSIT.

PROFESSOR MERCER AT WORK ON ITS PREHISTORIC REMAINS FOUND THERE.

Professor Henry C. Mercer, of the University of Pennsylvania, is still busily engaged in researches connected with the Port Kennedy cave deposit, having resumed operations recently after an interval of a year or more spent in other fields of investigation. He is making excellent progress in exhuming the remains of prehistoric animals, and his labors there are likely to prove of inestimable value to science.

In order that the reader may understand the details which follow, the origin of this cave should be explained. As is well known, limestone deposits are peculiarly susceptible to erosion by the running or trickling of water, and in this way vast underground caverns are often formed, as in the Mammoth Cave, in Kentucky, and other remarkable instances of the kind. In the case under consideration, a cave, apparently forty feet square and of unknown depth, was thus formed in the course of untold ages.

The thin covering of soil above the rock also gave way in time and a sort of trap was thus formed into which the wanderers of the primeval forest fell and starved, even if they did not meet instant death from the force of the fall. It is wonderful how a storehouse of the animals and vegetable remains of a past age for the benefit of the scientist of the present day has thus been formed. Here the record of past ages, as it is disclosed in the development of animal life, may be investigated at his leisure by the man of science, often with the most surprising revelations of knowledge. Here are found bones, the remains of decayed flesh, leaves, bark and various substances—animal, vegetable and mineral.

To the untrained eye of persons who have not been initiated into the secret of nature, these appear to be mingled in extricable confusion, but not so to the scientist. He separates the mass into teeth, claws, bones, tusks and hoofs with the greatest ease; he distinguishes by the form of a bony skeleton the class to which the animal belonged; he analyzes and classifies the varied contents of the immense cave, and forms his deductions concerning its contents, which it is impossible to controvert in the presence of the proofs he produces, supplied by the material before him. The work of assorting and arranging for preservation the animal remains found in this deposit is necessarily very slow and tedious, the more so because of the presence of water in the mass, tending greatly to embarrass efforts in this direction. Another difficulty is the extreme frailty of many of the fossil remains. They fall to pieces on being touched and the only way to save them entire is by surrounding them with a mass of prepared plaster before separating them fully from the substances in which they are imbedded.

Professor Mercer is an enthusiast in this kind of research, and he is perfectly at home in the quarry at Port Kennedy. Recently he has had a visit from Edward D. Cope, Ph. D., Professor of Zoology and Comparative Anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Cope is the most distinguished American naturalist, and he is recognized the world over as an authority on this and kindred subjects.

When the upper portion of this same cave in the Port Kennedy quarries was unearthed a quarter of a century ago, Dr. Cope made an exhaustive investigation of its contents, animal and vegetable, giving results of researches in a pamphlet now out of print. He has also carefully investigated the remains brought to light in the past two years, which are far more numerous, more interesting, and more valuable than in the other case.

To the writer, Dr. Cope said this week that the total of species so far identified in the most recent find is 45, of which 38 are mammals, the rest being birds or reptiles. Among the mammals are the elephant, horse, llama, camel, sloth, skunk, etc., some of them closely allied to the wild animals still existing on this continent.

There are also wild cats, peccaries and other animals. Three varieties of the skunk have been noted, two larger than the pole cat of the present time, one variety about the same size—all of them endowed with the ability to defend themselves from their enemies by means of the offensive liquid they had the power to eject. Remains of the wolf are found. The animal was much larger than the one now existing. Gigantic land turtles, two or three feet in diameter, are a feature of the deposit. Taken as a whole, the discoveries indicate that animal life generally was of much larger growth in that remote age. In answer to a question as to whether there was anything to indicate that the climate of this portion of America was any warmer than now, Dr. Cope said so far he had seen nothing. To an inquiry as to the antiquity of the deposit, he said that high authority had fixed the age of similar remains elsewhere at about 32,000 years. To man, whose span of life averages but little more than a third of a century, this length of time, three hundred and twenty centuries, or a period long enough for a thousand generations to come and go, is so great as to be almost incomprehensible.

It may be noted that nothing has been found in the Port Kennedy deposit to indicate that the continent was inhabited by man, or by any animal bearing an appreciable resemblance to a human being at that time. Even the monkey is absent. Among the bones of birds found are those of a turkey, very closely resembling the existing species called by that name, indicating a very great antiquity for the bird so much prized at Thanksgiving and Christmas festivals.

There can be no question that this is one of the most remarkable deposits of the kind in the world. It is a peculiarity of limestone caves that they all contain remains of the same age as those found here, whether existing on the Pacific coast, where a number have been explored; in the interior of the continent, or in the old world. Dr. Cope, in answer to a question on this point, suggested that the caves might have been washed out by floods and thus been cleared of earlier deposits. When asked whether he meant a cataclysm such as the deluge of Noah, he said there was nothing to prevent such result from being attained by merely local floods such as that probably was, to a certain extent.

At one period of the earth's history remarkable floods were probably more common than they are in our day.

There is much in the materials brought to light in the removal of this deposit that is calculated to suggest inquiry and reflection. They give an idea of the condition of animal life in an age that may be considered remote, speaking comparatively, which seems, however, but yesterday when we regard the millions of years which have passed since the planet on which we live came into existence, if we accept, as we undoubtedly must, the deductions of science. Dr. Cope is, as are nearly all scientists, a believer in the theory of evolution. His latest published work is entitled, "The Primary Factors of Organic Evolution," which, to use his own language, is an "attempt to select from the mass of the facts accumulated by biologists, those which, in the author's opinion, throw light on the problem of organic evolution, and especially that of the animal kingdom."

"As the actual lines of descent can be finally demonstrated chiefly from paleontologic research. I have drawn a large part of my evidence from this source. Of course, the restriction imposed by limited space has compelled the omission of a great many facts which have an important bearing on the problem. I have preferred the paleontologic evidence for another reason. Darwin and the writers of his immediate school have drawn most of their evidence from facts which are embraced in the science of ecology. Weismann and writers his type draw most of their evidence from the science of embryology. The mass of facts recently brought to light in the field of paleontology, especially in the United States, remained to be presented, and the evidence they contain interwoven with that derived from the sources mentioned."

Researches such as those now in progress in the Irwin quarry, formerly the Kennedy quarry, at Port Kennedy, have an important bearing on these matters, and they are, therefore, of world-wide interest. The leading naturalist of his day and the most indefatigable cave explorer of his time, Professor Cope and Professor Mercer, both men of the highest attainments in other lines of thought besides those of which they have made a specialty, are engaged in work throwing light on important scientific problems which are destined to be handed down from age to age, until a complete and satisfactory solution shall be reached. The writer received a kind invitation to inspect the scientific treasures which have been collected the present season, they being kept in a building leased for the purpose, close at hand. Should an opportunity occur for taking advantage of this offer, it may open the way for future articles on the same subject.

It may be added that the extent of the deposit at the Port Kennedy cave, in a downward direction, has not yet been learned, but it is understood that a further deepening of the quarry at this point the coming winter may afford desirable information on this point, and, possibly, reveal treasures in this line whose existence has not been suspected.—*Elwood Roberts in Norristown Herald.*

with that derived from the sources mentioned."

TOLD IN THE TWILIGHT.

The train was speeding on through a rugged part of the western country, the last ray of setting sun had vanished, and weary of travel and the cards which had been played a good part of the day, we four leaned idly back and fell into a reverie. We had been fellow travelers for the past three days, and begun to feel a good deal more acquainted.

After a few moments' silence one of our party, a good natured New Englander, suggested we should each furnish a story for the evening's entertainment. The idea was unanimously agreed upon, and my whist partner commenced. I followed, then our New England friend, and lastly my opposite, who had been an intent though sober listener to the others' talk. When by the simple "next" he became aware it was his turn, he straightened up in his seat, took up one of the cards and began tapping it on the table, thus showing to advantage an elegant solitaire ring on his third finger, and replied:

"Gentlemen, I am no story teller, I assure you, but as I have listened with pleasure to your narratives, which have helped to pass a lonely evening, I will tell you the only thing I know how to put in story form, which is the reason of this journey of mine." Without more ado he continued: "Some years ago a very respectable and wealthy resident of my native city became deeply interested in and finally adopted a young girl who had neither father nor mother, and who had proven herself a most excellent companion to the elderly lady before mentioned. For three years the two were almost inseparable, and the devotion of each to the other was beautiful. The lady, whom I will call Mrs. Lake, had two sons, one of whom, a reckless, handsome fellow, had been away for some time, and the fact that his mother was unacquainted with his whereabouts afforded her great grief and anxiety. The other, to whom study was a second nature, was at college. As Mrs. Lake had never had a daughter of her own, Olive Greyburn became doubly dear to her. At the end of three years, the health of her little ward failing, Mrs. Lake decided to send her to this part of the country, hoping a change might be beneficial to the delicate little plant. That was ten years ago, and the roads were not in the condition they are now.

"At any rate, to cut a long story short, the train on which she traveled was held up a few hundred miles from here, and the passengers, one by one, were relieved of their valuables. When they came to Olive Greyburn, almost beside herself with fright in her delicate health, she handed over all her money and jewels, but the wretch still pointed to a chain, attached to which was a watch which Mrs. Lake had carried many years and which contained a portrait of her wandering son. 'I cannot give you that,' she faltered, not seeming to realize her helpless condition; 'it belongs to the only friend I have on earth and contains her only picture of her lost son.' Unconsciously she opened the case, and the eyes of the bandit rested on the face within. Without a word he dropped to his knees before her, pushed the mask from his face and revealed to her the prodigal. I can't tell you all how he loved her for her devotion to his aged mother and how her beautiful face awoke in him all that was good. Enough, strange to say, he loved and was passionately loved in return. He met her at her journey's end, and when after a few months she returned to her home it was as his promised wife. After forsaking his evil ways and making a name and fortune for himself, he was to return to the parental roof to claim her. Gentlemen, I would give years of my life to be loved as that man was.

"The first twelve months sped by; another, and yet the third, yet by no word or sign was her intense love and watchfulness rewarded. Finally she ceased to hope, and in the unbounded affection of the elder brother, who had now completed his studies abroad, tried to bury the past. Ere long they were married, and a prouder husband you never saw, and well he might be; her beauty was marvelous, her purity sublime. For two years happiness perfected was the result of their union. Then, one day, she silently disappeared, leaving only a letter from the man whom years be-

fore had sought her to marry him, saying that, parted from her, he had fallen again and only the light of her pure face could make him good once more. Poor idiot, he expected she had waited all those years for him. And truly her love had, for on receipt of that letter she went hurrying where he had directed. Ah, that, gentlemen, was love.

"But the reason of my journey: Poor little girl; she met him; she clung to him and roughed it with him for one long year in that rugged western country; then she went beyond.

"At the last, as he held her hand and silently awaited the end, she told him of his brother she had left at home and begged him to make all things right for her.

"His letter had just been received, and my journey was to bring her little lifeless body home."

"The man?" we queried.

"Was my brother," he tremblingly answered.

"And the lady?" we gasped.

"Was my—wife!"

SUCCESSFUL STRATAGEM.

A retired showman is reported by the Cleveland Plain Dealer as telling a pretty good story of the way he once abated a nuisance in a Pennsylvania town where his company was playing an engagement. For several nights the performance was interrupted by a messenger from the box-office to the stage manager with a request that he should go upon the stage and inquire if Doctor Bolus, or whatever his name was, were in the audience, as he was wanted immediately. The stage manager could not refuse such a request, and the doctor was well advertised.

We soon found out says the showman, that the doctors—there were two of them—so much in demand were very small fry, and were undoubtedly using our stage as a means of getting themselves into notice. So one day I took a walk up the main street of the town till I came to a certain sign hanging over the stairway.

I climbed the stairs to the office indicated, had a brief conversation with its occupant, and concluded by handing him reserved seat tickets. That evening immediately after the first act, and before any messenger from the box-office had a chance to arrive, I stepped out in front of the curtain and held up my hand. Then in my gravest tones I asked: "Is Doctor Chizzold in the house?"

Immediately a very tall colored man, with a bushy white head and huge silver-mounted spectacles, rose in the audience and said: "Heah I is, sah."

The audience tittered, but I kept my gravity.

"You are wanted at the box-office at once, doctor, in a case which requires your immediate professional attention."

As the aged darkey ducked to me and hobbled from the room the audience broke into a wild roar. Perhaps you will understand the cause of their merriment when I say that the old man was a corn doctor, and probably the best-known eccentric character in town.

Well, there were no more doctors called for from that stage during our engagement.

A DISTINCTION.

Some men's wits are sharpened under cross-examinations, as in an instance cited by the Green Bay, a legal journal.

Counsel in a case lately pending for trial in the New York Surrogate Court had his question met with the answer: "The matter slipped my mind."

"In other words, you forgot such an important event."

"No, I haven't forgot it."

"Pray, sir, what difference is there between forgetting a matter and having it slip from your mind?"

"Well, counselor, it is this: A thing slips from the mind, but by and by you remember it; but if you forget a thing it never comes back."

His honor of course made note of this distinction without much difference.

HER PUNISHMENT.

An old Quaker lady who, at sixty, has the heart of a girl, tells many stories of childhood, spent with her grandparents.

"My grandmother's worst punishment for me," she told a friend, "was to drop suddenly into the 'world's speech,' as if I had been so naughty that I was unworthy to be addressed in the sweet Friends' language. Nothing gave me so sharp a sense of my misdoings as to have her say, with a sorrowful shake of her head, 'Oh thee little—you—thee!'"

Thursday, Nov. 19, 1896.

THE Honorable John Wanamaker, Ex-Postmaster General of the United States and a distinguished factor in the mercantile affairs of Philadelphia, has been announced as a full-fledged candidate for United States Senator, to succeed Sir Donald Cameron. He is expected to develop considerable strength, even if he fails to win the prize.

THE Board of Managers of the Trade League of Philadelphia is organizing a movement looking to an amendment to the National Constitution extending the Presidential term to six years and making the President ineligible to succeed himself. There are obvious reasons why the movement deserves to succeed, the principal one being that widespread business disturbance due to political excitement once every six years would be quite often enough.

THE dairymen of Skipack have raised an interesting question: Are the State authorities justified in condemning and causing the death of thousands of cattle not (apparently) seriously or dangerously affected by tuberculosis? A number of nice distinctions in diagnosing disease, in the application of adequate tests, and, as to the extent a cow may be diseased without impairing the quality of her milk, or the beef of the carcass, must be met and answered, so far as they can be answered at all, in due time, if the question raised is to be satisfactorily solved.

It will be remembered that wheat went up and silver down before election, thus practically denying the false assumption that wheat and silver always went up or down together, but it was charged by Mr. Bryan's friends that the money power was fictitiously elevating the price of wheat to elect Mr. McKinley. The election excitement is over and an advance of six cents per bushel is announced in the wheat market within the past ten days. Comment is really unnecessary, unless it is to be assumed that the Republican political managers are now losing money to sustain their reputation. The real solution, however, is a perfectly natural affair.

WITH regard to improved business affairs Dun's Review, of November 14 says: "To the change of conditions and of spirit described last week, there has already answered a large increase in the working force in the volume of trade. Dispatches telling of about five hundred establishments which have opened or have materially enlarged their force though they fill many columns, give only part of the fact, for throughout the country the gain has been surprising even to the most hopeful. * * * Foreign need of American wheat continues an important factor, and the price has advanced to 88 cents, gaining 6 cents for one week, 10 cents for two weeks, and 24 cents since early in September. The present price is the highest since '92."

We think it is only fair to afford Mr. Bromer space in the INDEPENDENT for a few after election remarks which we refrain from criticizing if for no other reason than that it is sufficient for the present that our good friend's later-day political ideas have been turned down by a majority of the voters of the United States. We still think Mr. Bromer will revise his political creed. Whether he does so or not we know of no reason why he should not enter the field of journalism and become a full-fledged editor. He has ample capital, and that is more than can be said of a large majority of existing editors. He is also endowed with sufficient intellectual power to entertain and give forceful expression to opinions upon current subjects, and this is much more than can be said of some editors. Get into the editorial harness, Mr. Bromer!

SPECULATION is rife in relation to the personnel of Mr. McKinley's cabinet. It is urged by some Republicans that Mr. McKinley should recognize the "gold Democrats" who materially aided in his election by appointing one of their number to a place in his cabinet. We hardly think such action would be wise or politic. The sound money Democrats who opposed Mr. Bryan and directly or indirectly aided Mr. McKinley claim to have done so purely unconditionally and from convictions of political duty. In no instance that we know of have they finally renounced their Democratic principles. The Indianapolis platform was similar to the Republican platform in one particular only, viz: that in relation to the money question.

The incoming administration should be, in view of the decision of

the voters, a wholly Republican affair. If it proves creditable and statesmanlike, the Republicans should receive the credit therefor. If it proves otherwise, the Republican party will deserve all the censure that it will receive.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 13, 1896.—The partnership between the gold Democrats and Republicans, which elected McKinley President, is not to be dissolved for some time to come. Details are unobtainable at this time for the very good reason that they do not yet exist, but there is an understanding between prominent representatives of both parties that the McKinley administration will attempt to finally settle with whether international bimetalism is merely a mouthy catch phrase out of which nothing practical will ever come, or can be put into practical use. This is to be done by compelling, or trying to compel, the great European powers to consent to international bimetalism upon some basis or else to say once for all that they will not consent. How this compelling process is to be worked is one of the numerous problems yet to be solved. The favorite idea seems to be to use the tariff as a persuader. For instance, a hint will be given to Great Britain that its consent or refusal to join in establishing an international bimetallic system will determine how high or how low the American duties will be upon English manufactures and products. The advocates of this idea argue that the only sure way to convince an Englishman is through his pocketbook. But whatever is done, the intention is to either secure international bimetalism or to convince the country that there is no hope of its ever being secured. In this silver men may be counted upon for assistance, but in other things not yet actually proposed but which are being considered the silver men will be most likely found opposing the McKinley administration by every method in their power, and in the Senate their opposition will be a very serious matter.

The impression is rapidly gaining ground that the Republicans in the Senate can, if they so desire, pass the House emergency tariff bill which the Republican silver Senators caused to be pigeon-holed at the last session. Senator Morgan, of Alabama, after stating that he would not oppose the passage of the bill, although he would not promise to vote for it, expressed himself thusly concerning the attitude of the other Senators: "Further opposition to the Dingley bill by the silver Republicans, the gentlemen who bid farewell to their old party at St. Louis, I do not anticipate at the coming session. They fully demonstrated their fealty to the cause of silver in the last session and have nothing to gain at the present time by a continuation of such opposition." Mr. Morgan thinks that the state of business three months hence will determine whether a spring session of the Fifty-fifth Congress will be called as soon as President McKinley assumes office. There will be Republican opposition to taking up the Dingley tariff bill in the Senate this winter, and it may be effective if the Republicans are sure to control the Senate after the 4th of March. In fact, the strength of the opposition will be governed entirely by the control of the Senate. If the Republicans control it the opponents of the Dingley bill will argue that it is useless to adopt a temporary tariff law, only intended to be in effect two years, when in a few months a permanent protection measure can be perfected and passed. Those Republicans who believe in taking every thing in sight when you get an opportunity will try to have the Dingley bill passed any way.

One of the curious things about current cabinet speculations is that nine out of every ten politicians who will talk about cabinet probabilities appear to take it for granted that New England will not be represented in the McKinley Cabinet because they are confident that Speaker Reed will decline the offer that most people think will be made him to become a member of the Cabinet. The tenth man will argue that President McKinley will not slight a section that was as loyal to a temporary tariff law, only intended to be in effect two years, when in a few months a permanent protection measure can be perfected and passed. Those Republicans who believe in taking every thing in sight when you get an opportunity will try to have the Dingley bill passed any way.

While there are a number of members of the Diplomatic corps in Washington who do not like the submission of the dispute over Venezuela's boundary to arbitration, the corps is unanimous in believing that the treaty agreed upon is the greatest diplomatic triumph ever won by the United States. For the first time since the promulgation of the Monroe doctrine it is recognized by a European power, and the greatest one at that. Hereafter that doctrine will take its place among the laws of nations, and the right of the United States to interfere in any disputes with European or other foreign powers involving the acquisition of territory upon the American continent will never again be denied. In an international sense the final decision of the Venezuelan boundary arbitration doesn't amount

to a row of pins, but England's recognition of the Monroe doctrine is an event of the first magnitude in the affairs of the world, and the diplomats quickly recognized it as such.

FROM MR. BROMER.

FRIEND MOSER:—After reading your editorial of last week (Nov. 5) about the result of the election, I could not help but wish that I were an editor, and could write one every week. Now, please just print this one. I will not trouble you after this, and will write no reply, however severe you may condemn my opinions. McKinley and all that he represents has triumphed.

What does it prove? Let us look over the history of our country for the last 16 years. At the beginning of that time the dissatisfaction and unrest of our people began to be felt, and it increased to such an extent that the election of 1884 resulted in favor of Democracy by a regular landslide vote. It was Grover Cleveland who promised us a government by the people, of the people, and for the people. Did we get it? During his administration the disappointment of the people was so great that they went back on him and elected Harrison by another landslide vote. Now the good times came. Harrison in one of his recent campaign speeches said, that the highest point of prosperity in the history of this country was reached in 1892, under his administration. Supporting this to be true for the sake of argument (although the plates to print the bonds had already been ordered under his administration), what was the result? As a special mark of confidence, and the high appreciation of the people for such good government, they turned him and the whole republican government out of office by another landslide vote. Was that also a victory of intelligence like the gold papers tell us in this case? Grover was reinstated and given another trial. After he succeeded in further mortgaging this country to the amount of five hundred and forty millions of capital and interest, with a profit of twenty millions to the gold trust, to uphold the gold standard (the indignation of the people was so great, that the free silverites were able to capture the Democratic National Convention. We all know the rest. Coin's financial school claimed that by the free and unlimited control of silver at 16 to 1, we could double all the wealth of this country. Our highly intelligent gold papers insisted that it would cut all the wealth of every person in half who possessed any. Two thirds of all the people cannot or will not get at the truth by impartial study. But there was one circumstance the people should have noticed, and that was the breaking up of party ties, and the concentration of that kind of wealth which is mostly obtained by corrupting and buying legislation, issuing of free passes, watering stocks, over-issuing of bonds, bankrupting railroads to buy them back again, dealers in margins, and all the machinery that made the endless gold chain possible to rob the United States Treasury. In the face of these facts the good people voted, and now rejoice that the Republic is safe, and that Quay and Platt are so kind to have all the candidates ready made to fill all offices in Pennsylvania and New York for the next four years. O, why can't we save the expense of their further elections? And the result of this election proves the triumph of intelligence. Well, in one sense it does; but only for the side of the free silver party, and so far, none of its leaders ever expressed such gold bug sentiment as per Lautner's: "We may not abide by this decision." There is only one self-confessed anarchist in the United States—Herr Mus. He is in favor of the gold standard. May we never see any worse anarchism than Senator Teller of Colorado represents, the best, the truest, the most patriotic and most conscientious man in the Senate of the United States. This is my opinion and guide for the future.

ALBERT BROMER.

TEARS FOR MEDICINE.

From Harper's Round Table.

A physician who has just returned from a visit to Persia says that the Persians still believe that human tears are a remedy for certain chronic diseases. At every funeral the bottling of mourners' tears is one of the chief features of the ceremonies. Each of the mourners is presented with a sponge with which to mop off his face and eyes, and after the burial they are squeezed the tears into bottles which he keeps. This custom is one of the oldest known in the East and has probably been practiced by the Persians for thousands of years. Mention is made of it in the Old Testament.

HUMBINGS AMONG ANIMALS.

From Harper's Round Table.

The one who has deeply studied the habits of animals has discovered that there are humbings among them.

In military stables horses are known to have pretended to be lame in order to avoid going to a military exercise. A chimpanzee had been fed on cake when sick; after his recovery he often feigned coughing in order to procure dainties.

The cuckoo, as is well known, lays its eggs in another bird's nest, and, to make the deception surer, it takes away one of the other bird's eggs. Animals are conscious of their deceit, as is shown by the fact that they try to act secretly and unobtrusively; they show a sense of guilt if detected; they take precautions in advance to avoid discovery; in some cases they manifest regret and repentance. Thus bees which steal hesitate often before and after their exploits, as if they feared punishment.

A naturalist describes how his monkey committed theft. While he pretended to sleep, the animal guarded him with hesitation, and stopped every time his master moved or seemed on the point of awakening.

ANOTHER GRADE CROSSING HORROR.

A terrible grade crossing accident occurred Tuesday of last week at Gibraltar, a station on the Wilmington and Northern Railroad, six miles below Reading, through which two residents of Reading lost their lives. Charles F. Bright, a young man, and a young woman named Catharine Boyer, went out for a drive. Reaching the grade crossing, the couple heard the approach of a train and made the rash attempt to get over ahead of it. The horse had already cleared the Wilmington and Northern and had stepped on the Pennsylvania tracks, when a fast freight on the latter came rushing along and the engine crashed into the team. Both occupants were thrown to the track and horribly mangled. Bright was new to the town and they will give more satisfaction to buyers than did the first lot, if that be possible.

Other price pointers are:

Thin, Pale Children

One satisfaction in giving Scott's Emulsion to children is they never object to it. The fact is, they soon become fond of it. Another satisfaction is because it will make them plump, and give them growth and prosperity. It should be given to all children who are too thin, or too pale. It does not make them over-fat, but plump.

It strengthens the digestive organs and the nerves, and furnishes material for rich blood.

We have a book telling you more on the subject. Sent free for the asking. SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of John B. Landis, late of Perkiomen township, Montgomery county, deceased. Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims, to present the same without delay to:

J. HORACE LANDIS, Conshohocken, Pa. A. LINCOLN LANDIS, Grater's Ford, Pa. 12nov.

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of William L. Godshall, late of Perkiomen township, Montgomery county, deceased. Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims, to present the same without delay to:

J. H. GODSHALL, Grater's Ford, Pa. Or his attorney, John T. Wagner, S. E. Alty St., Norristown, Pa. 12nov.

HORSES CLIPPED!

The undersigned will be at Perkiomen Bridge Hotel every Thursday after October 15, at Carver's Hotel, Grater's Ford, every Tuesday, and at Grater's Hotel, Skipack, every Monday.

At Schultz's Hotel, Centre Point, every Saturday, for the purpose of clipping horses. First-class work at the right price. See him. ELVIN YOCUM.

In Styles, Qualities and Low Prices

FOOTWEAR

We Aim to be in the Lead!

Large invoice of the best made Fall and Winter Shoes in the market just received from the factories. Gents and Ladies will find here just what they are looking for, and parents can fit out their boys and girls with school or other shoes, with us, and save money. Our specialties: Opera, Square, and Pointed Toe Shoes. Give us a call.

H. M. FULMER, 32 W. Main St., Norristown, Pa.

Successor to A. H. Gottshalk, Jr.

DEALER IN RANGES, STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c., COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

Special attention given to tin-roofing, spouting, and all kinds of work in tin, zinc, and sheet iron.

Every effort will be made to fill all orders promptly and satisfactorily. 14m3m

ICE CREAM

—AND— OYSTERS

ALWAYS ON HAND —AT— Shepard's Perkiomen Bridge Hotel.

Orders delivered promptly to all parts of the town.

COLLEGEVILLE Restaurant!

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Oysters always on hand. Orders delivered to all parts of the town.

Scheidt's - Beer, - Soft - Drinks, - Fruits And Confectionery.

GEORGE SMITH, Proprietor.

WANTED.

Several faithful men or women to travel for responsible established house in Pennsylvania. Salary \$750, payable \$15 weekly and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National Star Building, Chicago.

FOR RENT.

A Brighthouse in Trappe. Apply to A. C. POLEY, Trustee, Trappe, Pa.

IF YOU WILL

make the selection by a personal visit to the store,

WE WILL ALSO

do our part by offering the best and largest stock in every department so that your choice will be satisfactory, and above all will see to it that your money shall always have the fullest buying power in quantity and quality. For instance in

Brendlinger's Carpet Department!

57c. Scotch RUGS

are a wonderful offering. The size is 27 by 60 inches. Can be used on both sides. A new lot is now in and they will give more satisfaction to buyers than did the first lot, if that be possible.

Other price pointers are:

Tapestry Carpets, 45c. and up. Ingrains, from 25c. up.

All different grades up to the very best all-wool. The stock is replete with pretty patterns of

Body Brussels, Moquette, Axminsters, Gobelins, Savonneries, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, &c.

Straw Mattings - and - Rag Carpets

Are always in season and we aim to keep the stock ready for your needs whenever wanted.

Window Shades, Curtains and Awnings.

We do first-class work. We will do it for you in the country and no extra charge more than if you lived in town. A special offer is made to fit some of your rooms at a very low price in the

CARPET - - REMNANTS

If they be large enough. Bring the room size measurements and perhaps you will be one of the great gainers from these bargain remnants.

All the other departments are also fully stocked and await your inspection.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Wraps and Jackets,

Fancy Dress Gowns, Gloves, Ribbons, Trimmings, Underwear, Black Dress Goods and Silks, Lace, Chemise, Tapestry

Curtains, in fact you can be sure of finding all kinds of Dry Goods always at lowest prices.

I. H. Brendlinger, NORRISTOWN, PA.

80 and 82 Main Street. 213 and 215 DeKalb Street.

FINE NEW LINE

SOFT HATS

WARM UNDER CLOTHING AND GLOVES FOR MEN.

Remember, I am the man who is never undersold, and I always give the newest goods for least money.

THE LITTLE BOYS all like me, for they get suited here in Hats and Caps. I SELL AND MEND

UMBRELLAS! - Umbrellas recovered for 50c. up.

JOHN FRY, (TIMES BUILDING.)

Main and Swede Sts., Norristown.

A. L. GOTTSHALK, JR.,

Successor to A. H. Gottshalk, Jr.

DEALER IN RANGES, STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c., COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

Special attention given to tin-roofing, spouting, and all kinds of work in tin, zinc, and sheet iron.

Every effort will be made to fill all orders promptly and satisfactorily. 14m3m

ICE CREAM

—AND— OYSTERS

ALWAYS ON HAND —AT— Shepard's Perkiomen Bridge Hotel.

Orders delivered promptly to all parts of the town.

COLLEGEVILLE Restaurant!

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Oysters always on hand. Orders delivered to all parts of the town.

Scheidt's - Beer, - Soft - Drinks, - Fruits And Confectionery.

GEORGE SMITH, Proprietor.

WANTED.

Several faithful men or women to travel for responsible established house in Pennsylvania. Salary \$750, payable \$15 weekly and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National Star Building, Chicago.

FOR RENT.

A Brighthouse in Trappe. Apply to A. C. POLEY, Trustee, Trappe, Pa.

KULP

BROS.

Thanksgiving Day

OPENING

FOR

HOLIDAY -:- GOODS!

A splendid opportunity to buy Xmas Gifts now.

A handsome Japanese Handkerchief or Glove Case, hand-decorated in gold, given away with every purchase of \$3.00.

The decorations on this occasion will be the finest ever put up by us, and the old store will certainly be a sight worth seeing when completed. It will be a mass of greens from one end to the other inside and outside.

Special Clerk and Hostler Service will also be had for the accommodation of our patrons.

In fact everything will be done to make things pleasant for you.

Our Doll Show.

Will be in the front part of store, and will consist of five hundred different pieces from the smallest to the largest, from the China to Bisque Crying, three-faced, jointed, all nations and any kind that you might think of.

China Display

Will be shown in front of store on the two small counters.

China Vases, Cups and Saucers, Moustache Cups and Saucers, Shaving Mugs, Plates, Pitchers, Cream Jugs, Mugs, Oatmeal Sets, Dessert Saucers and piles of other novelties. Fancy Rose Bowls, Bisque Vases and Bowls.

Glassware:

Bohemian, Austrian, French and American Glass in all sorts of shapes. Bohemian Pitchers, Vases, Wine Glasses, Tumblers, Water Sets, Wine Sets.

Austrian Glass in Colored Pitchers, Vases, Tumblers, &c.

American Glass in the biggest piece of glass you ever saw for 10 cents; pitchers, salvers, fruit dishes and others.

Our Toy Show:

An unrivaled display of all kinds of Toys. Mechanical Dogs, Bicycles, Windmills, Bells, Mice, etc. Bellows Toys, Irons, Tops, Pastry Sets, Surprise Boxes, Ornaments, Iron trains—three or four kinds, Ring Toss Nine Pins, Kites, War Ships, Tin Toys, Folding Tables, Dishes—large variety, Cradles, two kinds folding Beds, Rocking Horses, Toy Express Wagons, Brownie Wagon, Woodbine Farm, Tool Chests, Windmill, and piles of goods that we can't think of to mention.

Lamps.

The finest assortment of rare and other Lamps shown here, Hanging Lamps, Small Night Lamps, and others.

Fancy Goods Department.

Work Boxes of every description, Manicure Sets, Toilet Cases, Smokers' Outfits, Smokers' Table Sets, Shaving Sets and Fancy Case Goods.

Albums.

Large variety of all kinds of Photograph Albums in Plush, Celluloid and Leather Coverings.

Frames.

Fancy Cabinet Size Photograph Frame in a dozen styles; celluloid, metal and others.

Books.

Large variety of Children's Story Books and Large Books; in fact everything we could think of to please the public.

Fancy Rockers.

Reed, Rattan, Wood and Clobber Rockers; the prettiest things we could find.

Fruits.

Bananas, Oranges, Pomegranates, Grapes, and all fancy fruit for the holiday trade.

Candies.

Last year the sales of our candies amounted to 3328 lbs. in one month. This year we will out-do even that record. 3 Tons of candies for this season.

Christmas Toys at a lower price than anywhere else.

Mixtures, five kinds. Lowney's Fancy Chocolate Goods, a whole line. Fancy Mixtures, Novelties, and in fact the whole line that the factory produces.

We will have everything you could think of. Don't fail to get one of our souvenirs, as they are certainly handsome and expensive.

Kulp Bros.

Gratersford, Pa.

Compound - Cough - Syrup,

Cures Colds, Coughs, Croup, &c.

SURE CURE. - - - 10 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Toilet Lotion, Cures Chapped Hands, &c., superior article to use after shaving.

SOLD AT

CULBERT'S DRUG STORE, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

KNIVES, -:- FORKS, AND SPOONS!

Tea Spoons, - - - \$1.00 a half dozen. Dessert Spoons, - - - 1.75 " " Forks, - - - 1.75 " "

Half Dozen Knives and Half Dozen Forks, \$1.75.

ROGER BROS. MAKE.

J. D. SALLADE,

6 E. Main Street, : : : Norristown, Pa.

THE EAGLEVILLE STORE

We have bargains to offer our worthy patrons. Here are some of them: Men's Oil Grain Waterproof Boots, Freed's, at \$3.50; others at \$3.40. Freed's Best Kip at \$2.50; others \$2.25 and \$2. Boys' Boots at all prices. Gum Boots, \$3.00. Men's Heavy Shoes, \$1.00 to \$1.25; Boys' Shoes \$1.00 to \$1.25; Children's Shoes, \$5c. to \$1.00. Ladies' Shoes, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00; Women's Calfskin Shoes, \$1.50 to \$1.65.

Full line of UNDERWEAR for men, women and children. Ready-made Shirts, 25c. to \$1.50. Men's heavy Wool Trousers, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

HORSE GOODS. Triple Stable Blankets, \$1.35; anyone can afford to own one. Others \$1.50 and \$2.00. Horse Blankets, 90c. to \$3.00. A specialty—between now and Thanksgiving we'll sell a \$3.50 Blanket for \$3.25. Cheap! A few Robes to go at \$4.00.

GLOVES—Buckskin at 90c., \$1.25 and \$1.35; others from 50c. up. Extra heavy woolen gloves or mitts at 50 cents.

OIL CLOTH—2 yds. wide, 20c. sq. yd.; 1½ yds. w., 40c. a yd.; 1¼ yds. w., 35c. a yd. Better, 2 yds. wide, 50c. and up to \$1.00 per yard. Goods delivered free.

MATTHIAS CUSTER, Eagleville, Pa.

IT COSTS NOTHING TO HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED BY W. H. PODESTA & CO., OPTICAL SPECIALISTS, No. 113 NORTH NINTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

They have had over fifteen years experience in all the various lines of Optical work, and assure complete satisfaction to every patron. Many ills, inconveniences and discomforts are caused by Eye-Strain, which may be relieved if you consult their Specialist and have your eyes examined by him FREE. He will correctly advise you without cost, whether or not glasses will give you relief. Should you need glasses, the prices quoted are not equalled, for the same grade of goods: Solid Gold Spectacles

HOME AND ABROAD.

—Readings and recitations in Bomberger Memorial Hall, next Saturday evening, by

—Prof. Byron King, a first-class elocutionist and impersonator. Of course you are going to hear him.

—A woman will walk by a dead dog in the street with tears in her eyes and three stuffed wrens on her hat.—New York Press.

—Coal oil heaters, latest styles at the right prices, at A. K. Hunsicker's.

—Register J. C. Crawford publishes a list of notices on the fourth page.

—A change in the time schedule of the Perkiomen Railroad went into effect Monday.

—When a man disappears people wonder whether he ran away with a woman or from one. It is generally both.—New York Press.

—Joseph Umstead, of Oaks, is selling home nursery stock. See ad.

—Dr. Humphreys' Specific "77" will "break up" a cold and leave no bad effects—small vial, pocket size—price 25 cents at all drug stores.

It is said that the people in Winston, Alabama, eat the earth on which they live. The people of Chicago eat theirs in their drinking water.—Norristown Herald.

—Joshua Heebner, of Lower Providence, aged about 90, suffered an attack of paralysis, last week. His condition is critical.

—Take note of the new advertisements in this issue, including those of H. M. Fulmer, shoe dealer, of Norristown, and Mr. M. Custer, storekeeper, Eagleville.

—Reduction sales are going on every day at Gotwals' store, Providence Square, to close out the stock. Come and see for yourself. A full line of groceries kept up all the time. 10-29-4t.

Mothers' Meeting.

The Collegeville W. C. T. U. will hold a Mothers' meeting at the home of Mrs. E. A. Krusen on Thursday afternoon, November 19, at 2 o'clock. Mrs. Richards, of Bryn Mawr, will address the meeting, and a very pleasant time is anticipated. All mothers, and friends of the cause, are invited to attend.

Methacton Literary Society.

The next regular meeting of the Methacton Literary Society will be held at Cherry Tree school house, Saturday evening, November 21, at 7:30 o'clock. The program will be as follows: Instrumental solo, Fletie Hartman; Recitation, Viola Auer; Reading, L. R. Kramer; Recitation, Lee Bittling; Reading, Mame Campbell; Recitation, John McHarg; Reading, Hannah Getty; Vocal Duet, Marion Warren and H. E. Warren. Recitation, Harry Clarke; Gazette, Harry Johnson; Address, Mr. Henry Longacre.

Open Meeting of the Zwinglian Society.

On Friday evening, November 20th, the Zwinglian Society of Ursinus College will throw open the doors of Zwinglian Hall for the reception and entertainment of their friends. An interesting literary program, interspersed with select music, has been arranged, and the society will endeavor to make the occasion as enjoyable as possible. All honorary members are free. The society is extended a cordial invitation to be present. The meeting will be called to order at 7 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS.

Services in St. Paul's Memorial Protestant Episcopal Church at Oaks station, on Sundays at 10:45 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. The church is free, and a cordial welcome is always extended to all persons to attend the services of this church. Rev. Benj. J. Douglass, Rector.

Episcopal service at St. James', Evansburg, every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School, 2 p. m. Also a service at Roversford at 6 p. m. Rev. A. J. Barrow, rector.

Evansburg M. E. church, Rev. A. L. Copper, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Preaching, Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. Epworth League service Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer and class meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

Trinity Church: Wednesday evening, prayer service, 7:30 o'clock, and choir practice, at 8:30. Sunday: Sunday School, 9 a. m., and preaching, 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.; the Junior C. E. prayer service, 2 p. m., and the Y. P. S. C. E. prayer service at 7 o'clock. Mrs. J. C. Landes, lecturer. Catechetical class Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

St. Luke's Reformed Church, Trappe: Sunday School, at 9 a. m. Preaching next Sunday morning at 10:30 and evening at 7:30 by the Rev. C. H. Brandt, of Bloomsburg, Pa. Y. P. S. C. E. Sunday evening at 6:30. Wednesday evening prayer service at 7:30. Catechetical class on Saturday at 2 o'clock. Meeting of Women's Sewing Society on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Mr. Harvey Thomas'.

Ironbridge: Preaching next Sabbath evening, at 7:30, by Mr. H. H. Hartman of Ursinus School of Theology; Sabbath School, at 2 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. All are invited.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve in the World for Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Joseph W. Culbert, Collegeville, Pa.

Foot-ball.

A game of foot-ball was played on Saturday, November 14, between the Port Providence and Collegeville public schools, ending in a victory for the latter team. Score: 6 to 4.

90 Miles in 10 Hours.

It is reported that Edwin Getty, of Eagleville, recently drove his trotting mare Nellie from six miles west of Pingrove, Schuylkill county, to Eagleville, a distance of 90 miles in ten hours.

Thanks to Neighbors.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lachman desire to hereby express their heartfelt thanks to their neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted in the work of moving the store building.

Revival Meetings.

Revival meetings are in progress at the M. E. church, Evansburg. Revs. Goff and Tompkins will conduct the services next Saturday evening and Sunday morning and evening.

National Thanksgiving Service.

Services appropriate to Thanksgiving Day will be held in Trinity Reformed church, this borough, next Thursday, November 26, at 10 a. m. A special sermon will be delivered by the pastor, Rev. J. H. Hendricks. All cordially invited.

Announcement.

Mrs. S. D. Lachman desires to inform her patrons that she will conduct the millinery business at her residence until the new quarters further down the street are completed. There will be no interruption in the matter of serving her numerous customers.

Under-Bail.

John Kemmer, a dairyman, of Remy, Schuylkill county, has been ordered \$600 bail by Magistrate Jermon, Philadelphia, to answer the charge of selling and exposing for sale milk which was shown by official analysis to contain nearly 30 per cent. of added water.

Sunday Breakfast Association.

Mr. Lewis G. Bean, President of the famous Sunday Breakfast Association of Philadelphia, addressed the students of Ursinus, upon the character of the work of the Association, Wednesday evening of last week. Mr. and Mrs. Bean remained in town over night and were the guests of Esquire and Mrs. J. M. Zimmerman.

Services at Mennonite Meeting House.

Services will be held at the Mennonite meeting house, near Yerkes, next Saturday afternoon and evening, November 21, at 2 and 7:30 o'clock. Rev. J. S. Kaufman, an able English speaker of Elkhart, Indiana, will conduct the services both afternoon and evening. All are cordially invited to attend.

Fancy "Ribbons" for Mr. Shepard's Team.

Geo. W. Bach, harness manufacturer of this place, has just completed a set of double lines, of English hand-buffed leather, for J. S. Shepard, proprietor of Perkiomen Bridge Hotel, 7,500 stitches were required in the making of the lines that will tickle Jack's fingers when he draws the "ribbons" over his pair in bays.

Mrs. Hunsicker's 95th Birthday.

Monday was the 95th birthday of Mrs. Elizabeth Hunsicker, widow of Rev. Abraham Hunsicker, of this borough. A number of the children and grandchildren celebrated the event by calling upon the remarkable old lady and spending a few pleasant hours in her company. Mrs. Hunsicker remains in good health and in possession of all her faculties. May she live to round out a century!

A Tremendous Yield.

M. F. Anderson, the well-known farmer and stock dealer, of near Black Rock, Upper Providence, reports that an 8-acre field of his farm yielded this season 934 bushels of shelled corn and that from the same field he harvested a crop of 1100 bushels of turnips. The turnips partly developed among the ripening corn. Mr. Anderson says the event can be measured by all doubting Thomases. Such crops from an 8-acre field in one season constitute at once a challenge for the whole county. Next?

Popular Classical Concert.

A popular classical concert will be given in Bomberger Memorial Hall on Tuesday evening, November 24, under the direction of Prof. A. E. Messenger, the popular director of the musical department of Ursinus College. The coming event promises to afford a genuine musical treat. The special features will be: Violin solos by A. T. Stretch, first violinist of Ursinus Orchestra, Trenton, N. J.; Cornet and zither solos by John Saylor, first cornetist of Symphony Orchestra, Philadelphia. Don't miss the concert. Admission, 25 and 35 cents.

Hospital for the Insane.

An adjourned meeting of the Trustees of the Norristown Hospital for the Insane was held Friday at the institution to formulate the twentieth annual report of the institution to the State Board of Public Charities. The report shows receipts for the year from all sources of \$284,160.32. The warrants drawn for the year amount to \$300,261.23. The deficit is attributed to alleged indebtedness of the city of Philadelphia, which was withheld payment of the last bill rendered, because it is claimed the city was overcharged for the maintenance of its indigent patients from 1885 to 1889.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We have cured for the last 15 years, and believe it perfectly honorable in all business transactions and supply of medicine. West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the system. Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

Alumni Meeting.

There will be a business meeting of the Upper Providence Alumni Association on Saturday evening, November 21, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of members is desired.

Fox Hunt.

The fox hunters about Spring City and vicinity, are preparing for a grand fox hunt to take place Thanksgiving day, the day when the sport of hunting Reynard usually begins in earnest.

Highway Robbery.

Walter Bean, of Norristown, while returning home from Norristown, Friday night, was stopped on the ridge pike, near Jeffersonville, by a man who presented a revolver and demanded money. After Mr. Bean had handed over all his money, \$5.50, the robber took to the woods near by.

Philadelphia Markets.

Winter bran, \$10.00/11.00; flour \$2.90 to \$4.90; rye flour, \$2.75; wheat, 89¢ to 92¢; corn, 33¢; oats, 26¢; butter, 18 to 20¢; poultry, live, 9¢ to 10¢, dressed, 9¢ to 9¢; timothy hay, 75¢ to 80¢, mixed, 65¢ to 75¢; straw, 70¢ to 80¢; beef cattle, 3¢ to 4¢; sheep, 2¢ to 4¢; lambs, 3¢ to 4¢; hogs, western, 5¢ to 6¢.

PERSONAL.

Mr. H. B. Essick, of Camden, N. J., was in town Tuesday, on his way to Trappe.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Farnham, of Yorkers, N. Y., were in town, yesterday, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Downing, this place, over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Walton and son and daughter, of Blue Bell, visited the scribe and family, Sunday.

Valuable Contributions.

John T. Wagner, Esq., of the Norristown bar, is contributing a series of very instructive and readable articles to the Perkiomen Seminary Bulletin on School Law. Mr. Wagner has for some time made a special study of the School Laws of Pennsylvania and of the interpretations of the same by noted jurists, and we feel assured that what he writes in relation to the subject he has undertaken to elaborate, will be of much interest, theoretically and practically, to the general public.

FROM IRONBRIDGE.

Mr. Isaac Keyser is confined to his bed with typhoid fever. His condition is serious.

Messrs. M. T. Hunsicker and H. T. Hunsicker, of this place, and Dr. S. B. Horning, of Evansburg, went on a gunning trip to Zionsville and vicinity, Thursday of last week.

A surprise party was given in honor of Miss Mary Gottshalk, on Saturday evening, November 14, at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gottshalk, and a very pleasant evening was spent.

The Jacob's Family.

The Jacob's family of Lower Merion is a remarkable family, in point of longevity, and comprises five generations. There is Mrs. Henry Jacobs, the oldest person in Lower Merion township, who was born in the year 1800. She has a daughter who is 71 years old, a granddaughter aged 46, a great-granddaughter who is 30 years old, and a great-great-grandson aged 6 months. Henry Jacobs, the father of this interesting group, is in fairly good health, although troubled with deafness. He follows the trade of stone mason, and for many years superintended all the bridge-building of the Reading Railroad.

Woman Suffrage.

A regular monthly meeting of the Montgomery County Woman Suffrage Association was held at the usual place, Norristown, last Saturday afternoon. The treasurer reported \$44.92. The Chairman of the Organization Committee reported that work had been done in endeavoring to organize societies in different localities. Delegates were appointed to attend the State Convention in Reading, November 19, and 20. Henry Rea, Liveries and sketches from Walker's Political Economy. The President read some accounts of the annual meeting of the State Federation of Pennsylvania Women, held in Bradford recently. One of the members was asked to prepare something from Walker's Political Economy for the following meeting.

DEATHS.

Phoebe G., wife of Wm. C. Gordon, died at her home, this place, Monday, aged 44 years. About six weeks ago Mrs. Gordon became prostrated with a severe attack of vertigo, from which she had fairly recovered when about ten days since she was stricken with suffering death ensued. Her demise is a heavy blow to her husband (who has been an invalid for a number of years) and to the five surviving children, who deeply mourn the death of a most devoted wife and mother. The funeral will be held to-day (Thursday); meet at the house at 10 a. m. All services at Trinity Reformed church, this borough, at 10:45, where interment will be made. Undertaker J. L. Bechtel will be in charge.

Hannah T. Shaffer, daughter of Jacob Shaffer, died at Limerick Square last Saturday, aged 53 years. Death was due to a complication of diseases. The funeral will be held to-day (Thursday) at 10 a. m. All services at Limerick Evangelical church. Interment at the Reformed church cemetery, Trappe. Undertaker John S. Kepler, of Trappe, will be in charge.

Outdoor Relief.

The annual report of the poor directors of Montgomery county, showing the amount of outdoor relief furnished, has been submitted to the state board of public charities. During the year 301 persons were given relief. Of this number 94 were white males, 201 white females, 4 colored males and two colored females. The figures show that 155 of this number are natives of Montgomery county, 46 of other counties in the state, 24 were born in other states, 12 born in Germany, 52 in Ireland, 6 in England, 2 in England, 2 in Scotland, 2 in France and 2 in other countries.

FROM LOWER PROVIDENCE.

Election is over, returns all in, and McKinley elected. Now let us see how things will move along!

Daniel Longacre, who has been ill for some time with typhoid fever, is much improved.

Rev. C. R. Brodhead is on the sick list with an attack of grippe, Elder I. Z. Reiner conducted the Sunday evening services.

The receiving vault of the Presbyterian church has been repaired by George Armstrong.

Supervisor Johnson is repairing the Ridge pike with shell rock. Supervisor Morgan intends having stone crushed for his portion of the pike. The crusher is on the grounds of Jesse Snyder, and 200 tons of stone are ready to be crushed.

We hear that Rev. Mr. Stoddard is still canvassing and giving his views in opposition to Secret Societies. Well, since this is a country where the law is supreme, even though he fails to make many converts.

[The item in regard to Lieutenant Beyer will be published in full next week.—Ed.]

FROM TRAPPE.

The regular meeting of Town Council was held Monday evening with all members present. A permanent set of Rules and By-Laws were adopted. In order to avoid all question as to the legality of the tax already levied, the town supervisors of the township the Council confirmed said tax-rate and levied a Borough tax for the year 1896 at five mills on the dollar of valuation; all taxes paid to the Borough Treasurer Willard, a rebate of one per cent. a month was made if paid on or before December 31, 1896. After that date a penalty of five per cent. will be added.

The resignation of James H. Hart, clerk, was accepted, to go into effect December 1.

The maximum price of 40 cents per perch was fixed for all field stone placed upon the streets.

Messrs. Dr. J. Warren Royer, Philip Willard, Howard Pennygrave, John K. Beaver and John Saylor were elected to serve as a Board of Health.

Many of our citizens are misinformed as to the meetings of Council being private. All are welcome.

The Lutheran Sunday School will have a rehearsal of its Christmas program every Saturday evening at 7 p. m. under the direction of Prof. John M. Latschaw. The Christmas service will be held on Christmas eve, December 24.

Charles E. Kepler, of Philadelphia, was home Sunday visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. John S. Kepler.

Mrs. S. M. Hench, of Frederick, Md., is the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Beaver, this week.

B. F. Schlicher Street Commissioner is busy repairing the streets before winter sets in.

URSINUS COLLEGE NOTES.

A series of inter-class foot-ball contests for the championship of the College has been organized, the first game was played on Tuesday, at the Freshmen and Academy teams. Score: 20 to 0 in favor of the latter.

The Literary Societies have elected their representatives for the inter-Society debate on Washington's Birthday. Messrs. C. E. L. Gresh, J. O. Reagle and R. H. Spangler will speak for the Schaff Society and Messrs. Ralph L. Johnson, G. L. Omwake and W. A. Williamson for the Zwinglian.

The November college reception was held Tuesday evening, the 17th, at the College Hall from 8 to 10 o'clock. Miss Ullett recited two selections very charmingly and Mrs. H. E. Jones and Miss Hunsicker rendered good music.

The list of speakers at the services held by the Y. M. C. A. during the week of Prayer for young men, November 9-15, included the Rev. S. H. Seems, of Phoenixville, Rev. Stanley L. Kepler, of Philadelphia, Mr. Lewis C. Kepler, of Philadelphia, Dr. Good and Prof. Hinkle of the School of Theology.

Saturday evening, November 21st the Dramatic Reader and Platform Artist, Dr. Byron W. King, of Pittsburgh, will give a literary and elocutionary entertainment in the college chapel under the auspices of the Schaff Literary Society.

The musical event of the term will be a concert under the direction of Mr. A. E. Messenger, Musical Director of the College, to be given Tuesday evening, November 24th. The entire Faculty expects to attend the meeting of the College Association of the Middle States and Maryland to be held at the University of Pennsylvania, November 27 and 28. It will be the tenth anniversary of the organization of the association and the program will be devoted exclusively to the consideration of College Admission requirements.

Truthful Assertions.

An exchange makes the following truthful assertions: If a country editor would snap up all the indecencies held out he would soon be a millionaire. If he would run a newspaper according to popular notion he would soon be in the poor house. If he published all the items that are sent him he would be in jail one half of the time and in the hospital the other half.

Outdoor Relief.

The annual report of the poor directors of Montgomery county, showing the amount of outdoor relief furnished, has been submitted to the state board of public charities. During the year 301 persons were given relief. Of this number 94 were white males, 201 white females, 4 colored males and two colored females. The figures show that 155 of this number are natives of Montgomery county, 46 of other counties in the state, 24 were born in other states, 12 born in Germany, 52 in Ireland, 6 in England, 2 in England, 2 in Scotland, 2 in France and 2 in other countries.

A PROTEST FROM CATTLE OWNERS.

A LARGE MEETING AT SKIPPAOK.

A largely attended meeting of dairymen and stock owners was held in the Valley House hall, Skippack, for the purpose of protesting against the killing of apparently healthy cattle condemned by the state authorities as tuberculous. The meeting was presided over by Henry S. Bean. A memorial was adopted, to be presented to the State Live Stock Sanitary Board, at Harrisburg, protesting against the indiscriminate killing of cattle that have responded to the tuberculin test, regardless of the physical condition of the animal. The committee appointed to formally transmit the protest consists of Dr. I. Newton Hunsberger, Jesse S. Kriebel and Honorable E. Witman Dandley. The law, which permits the State veterinarian and deputies to examine, condemn and kill cows, has been in existence for several years, but at the last session of the legislature the law was amended, so that money to carry on the examinations is provided out of the general fund of the state, therefore the cattle killing has been more extensive. The maximum price paid for an ordinary cow thus killed is \$25, whilst the general price paid was \$200. For registered stock the maximum sum allowed is \$50. Dairymen all over the state are dissatisfied with the method, believing as they do that they are frequently imposed upon and that their cattle, for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough, frequently not half of the amount which they paid for the animal. Persons interested in the present movement contend that whilst the germs of tuberculosis may be present in a cow, they may not have reached such a stage as for which they paid high prices, are unjustly condemned and killed. The money paid them is not nearly enough,

For the whole family

Lively Liver, Pure Blood, Beautiful Complexion, Perfect Health in

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC CURE

NEVER GRIPE NEVER SICKEN NEVER WEAKEN.

10c 25c

Purely vegetable, eat like candy, never fail to induce a natural action of the stomach, liver and bowels. Absolutely guaranteed to cure constipation or your money refunded, 10c or 25c. All druggists. Sample and book free. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO OR NEW YORK.

NO-TO-BAC

GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE

Over 1,000,000 boxes sold. 20,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bac is the greatest remedy in the world. Many gain 10 to 20 lbs. weight and never fail to make the weak find more strength, vigor and magnetism. Just try a box. You will be delighted. Send for a booklet "What you want to know" for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO OR NEW YORK. Written guarantee and free sample. **SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY Your Own Druggist.**

RAILROADS.	
PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.	
Passenger trains leave Collegeville Station as follows:	
FOR PHILADELPHIA AND POINTS SOUTH.	
Milk.....	6.44 a. m.
Accommodation.....	7.54 a. m.
Market.....	12.42 p. m.
Accommodation.....	4.02 p. m.
FOR ALLENTOWN AND POINTS NORTH AND WEST.	
Mail.....	8.06 a. m.
Accommodation.....	9.06 a. m.
Market.....	3.15 p. m.
Accommodation.....	5.46 p. m.
SUNDAYS—SOUTH.	
Milk.....	7.12 a. m.
Accommodation.....	8.12 a. m.
NORTH.	
Accommodation.....	8.23 a. m.
Milk.....	7.45 p. m.

SCHISLER COLLEGE

of BUSINESS, INCORP., NORRISTOWN, PA.

NINTH COLLEGE YEAR.

A PROGRESSIVE SCHOOL WITH PROGRESSIVE TEACHERS FOR PROGRESSIVE TIMES.

We secure desirable positions for a greater per cent. of our pupils than any other school.

E. L. HALLMAN, President.
A. J. SCHISLER, M. A., Principal.

Peirce School

32nd Year.

A representative American Business School for both sexes, founded by THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M., Ph. D. Coupling systematic business training with a practical, sound and useful English education. It offers three full courses—Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, English; the whole constituting an ideal combination. Graduates are cheerfully assisted to positions.

Both Day and Night Sessions are now running. Students received at any time.

PEIRCE SCHOOL, 917-919 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
Second Building.

COLLEGEVILLE

Carriage Works!

R. H. GRATER, Prop'r.

Greatly Reduced Prices in Business Wagons During the Autumn Months. New Designs a Specialty.

A full line of repair material always on hand and work promptly executed.

A set of good wheels with steel tire on, boxed and painted, ready to run, for \$10.00 up, according to size.

Our \$7.00 jobs of painting give entire satisfaction; as good as others at \$10.00. Terms cash.

HAVE NOW IN STOCK:

Light road or truck cart, nearly new; Ladies' Phaeton, in good order; Leather-top Buggy, nearly new; Spring Wagon, with top, new; several second hand express wagons. Closed milk wagon body with glass, in good order. These wagons will be sold very cheap.

JOHN L. BECHTEL

FURNISHING Undertaker & Embalmer

COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

Orders entrusted to my charge will receive the most careful and painstaking attention.

22nd.

DEAD ANIMALS REMOVED.

All calls promptly attended to. Telephone messages paid. Don't send orders by letter. Send orders by **Postal Card or Telephone** which will be delivered at once. Highest prices paid for old horses, fat hogs, etc. Horses killed in 10 seconds or less. Will give 5 gallons of light or dark oil to the person from whom I receive the fattest animal between August 1 and April 1, next. Also 5 gallons of oil to the person from whom I receive the most stock in the same time.

GEO. W. SCHWEIKER, Skippack, Pa.

If you have anything to sell, advertise in the Independent.

JOHN L. BECHTEL

FURNISHING Undertaker & Embalmer

COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

Orders entrusted to my charge will receive the most careful and painstaking attention.

22nd.

DEAD ANIMALS REMOVED.

All calls promptly attended to. Telephone messages paid. Don't send orders by letter. Send orders by **Postal Card or Telephone** which will be delivered at once. Highest prices paid for old horses, fat hogs, etc. Horses killed in 10 seconds or less. Will give 5 gallons of light or dark oil to the person from whom I receive the fattest animal between August 1 and April 1, next. Also 5 gallons of oil to the person from whom I receive the most stock in the same time.

GEO. W. SCHWEIKER, Skippack, Pa.

If you have anything to sell, advertise in the Independent.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, NORRISTOWN, Nov. 7, 1896.

All persons concerned either heirs, creditors or otherwise, are hereby notified that the accounts of the following named persons have been allowed and filed in my office on the date to each separately affixed, and the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, on MONDAY, the 11th day of DECEMBER, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for confirmation, at which time and place they may attend if they think proper.

A.
ALMAN—Oct. 2—First account of Charles A. Alman and J. Arnold Alman, administrators of the estate of George W. Alman, late of Whitmarsh, dec'd.

B.
ANDREWS—Oct. 2—Second and final account of W. Andrews, late of the borough of Norristown, dec'd.

C.
BLAKE—Nov. 4—First and final account of John R. Kintzing and Charles Mather, executors of the last will and testament of William Blake, late of Abington township, dec'd.

D.
BRIDG—Nov. 7—First and final account of A. M. Bridg and Louis M. Bridg, executors of the estate of Abram Bridg, late of the borough of Norristown, dec'd.

E.
CONRAD—Oct. 5—Account of Mary Jarrett Conrad, executrix of the estate of James Conrad, late of Moreland, dec'd.

F.
GAY—Oct. 29—First and final account of John T. Gay, administrator of the estate of Ellen Gay, late of Cheltenham township, dec'd.

G.
COCK—Nov. 4—First and final account of Ella C. Cock, executrix of the estate of Mary Cock, late of the borough of Rockledge, dec'd.

H.
CAREY—Nov. 7—Account of Theodore C. Carey, executor of the estate of Clara W. Carey, late of J. J. Carey, late of the borough of Rockledge, dec'd.

I.
DERR—Oct. 26—First and final account of John Derr, executor of the estate of Samuel Derr, late of Douglass township, dec'd.

J.
EASTMAN—Sept. 10—First and final account of William C. Eastman and Barton Eastman, executors of the estate of Annie E. Eastman, late of Upper Merion township, dec'd.

K.
ECKERT—Oct. 31—The first and partial account of the security company of Pottstown, executor of the last will and testament of John Eckert, late of the borough of Pottstown, dec'd.

L.
FULTON—Oct. 18—First and final account of John Fulton, administrator of the estate of Sarah Fulton, late of Upper Merion township, dec'd.

M.
FISK—Nov. 6—First and final account of Henry W. Fisk, executor of the estate of Henry Fisk, late of Upper Merion township, dec'd.

N.
GARST—Nov. 7—First and final account of Israel Garst, executor of the estate of Sarah Garst, late of the borough of Pottstown, dec'd.

O.
GERMERS—Sept. 22—First and final account of Charles W. Gumbel and Charles Gumbel, executors of the last will and testament of Francis Gumbel, late of Upper Providence township, dec'd.

P.
HALLMAN—Sept. 13—The first and final account of Adam Mench, guardian of Abraham B. Hallman, minor son of Mary Hallman, dec'd, under the will of Abraham Bechtel, late of Upper Providence township, dec'd.

Q.
HAGUE—Oct. 10—The final account of John R. Hague, executor of the estate of Mary J. Hague, late of Upper Merion township, dec'd.

R.
HORTON—Oct. 31—First and final account of Aaron Weikel, guardian of Catherine May Horton, a minor child of J. Frank Horton, late of the township of Lower Providence, dec'd.

S.
HOLLOWAY—Nov. 6—Account of David M. Holloway, guardian of Thomas S. Holloway, minor child of Wm. H. Holloway, late of the township of Upper Merion, dec'd.

T.
HOLMAN—Nov. 6—Final account of Henry Hoffman, guardian of Mary Agnes Hoffman, minor child of Charles Hoffman, dec'd.

U.
HOLSTEIN—Nov. 6—Second and final account of Wm. H. Holstein, executor of the estate of Wm. H. Holstein, late of Upper Merion township, dec'd.

V.
KETTNER—Sept. 24—First and final account of Jacob Kettner, executor of the estate of Jacob Kettner, late of the township of Lower Merion, dec'd.

W.
LEWIS—Oct. 4—Account of George K. Yeakle, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Yeakle, late of the township of Whitmarsh, dec'd.

X.
LANDIS—Nov. 6—The first and final account of Edmund H. Souder, guardian of Lizzie S. Landis, who is now under the will of Russell Dewey, late of the township of Lower Merion, dec'd.

Y.
MONCRIEF, nee SIMMERMAN—Nov. 4—The first and final account of George Lower, acting trustee under the will of Henry Fisher, late of Springfield township, dec'd; of Anna Simmerman (now nee Moncrief) and her heirs, the said Anna Moncrief, being now of full age.

Z.
MARSHALL—Nov. 6—First and final account of Louis S. Whitcomb, executor of the last will and testament of Harman Y. Marshall, late of the township of Upper Dublin, dec'd.

A.
NICE—Nov. 7—First and final account of Sarah M. Nice, executrix of the last will and testament of Frederick W. Nice, dec'd, late of Upper Salford township, dec'd.

B.
PORTS—Nov. 7—Account of Edwin Morris, one of the trustees of David Ports, under the will of Mary Ann Ports, late of the borough of Pottstown, dec'd.

C.
PORTS—Nov. 7—Account of James Ewing, one of the trustees of David Ports under the will of Mary Ann Ports, late of the borough of Pottstown, dec'd.

D.
PRINCE—Oct. 28—First and final account of Valentin G. Prizer and John G. Prizer, trustees under the will of Margaret Prizer, dec'd, of Elizabeth G. Saylor, wife of John Saylor, dec'd, late of Lower Providence township, dec'd.

E.
PRINCE—Oct. 28—First and final account of Frederick Brush and Joseph Johnson, administrators of the estate of George Peters, late of the borough of Norristown, dec'd.

F.
ROYER—Sept. 15—First and final account of John Rauscher, executor of the estate of Catharine Royer, late of Lower Salford township, dec'd.

G.
RAMER—Sept. 29—First and final account of Hannah Ramer, administratrix of the estate of Frederick W. Ramer, dec'd, late of Lower Pottsgrove.

H.
ROOS—Oct. 15—The first and final account of Harriet M. Roys, trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county to make sale of the real estate of John Roys, late of the township of Lower Merion, dec'd.

I.
RUFF—Nov. 6—The account of Dr. Milton Newberry, executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Reiff, late of the borough of Ambler, dec'd, with table of distribution annexed.

J.
SHEARER—Nov. 7—First and final account of Mahlon A. Shearer and Alice S. Shearer, executors of the estate of Martha W. Shearer, late of Lower Providence, dec'd.

K.
SLOOF—Oct. 29—Account of John Kimby, acting administrator, b. n. e. t. a. of Julia Ann Sloof, late of the borough of Norristown, dec'd, as filed by M. R. Ruff and J. Howard Kimby, administrators of said John Kimby, dec'd.

L.
THOMSON—Oct. 19—The first and final account of Frank Thomson, administrator of the estate of Frank Thomson, dec'd, late of the township of Lower Merion.

M.
TOON—Oct. 31—Final account of Charles B. Roth, guardian of Wallace B. Toon, one of the minor children of Adeline Todd, late of Frederick township, dec'd.

N.
WHITALL—Sept. 22—The fifth account of James M. Whitall, Charles Roberts, and John M. Whitall, trustees under the will of Henry Fisher, late of Springfield township, dec'd, being from February 1st to Fourth-month 25, 1896, filed by Charles Roberts and John M. Whitall, continuing trustees, dec'd.

O.
WENDEL—Oct. 29—First and final account of John H. Wendel, executor of the estate of Esther Wendel, late of the borough of Pottstown, dec'd.

P.
WILCOX—Nov. 7—First account of Katharine H. Wilcox, James L. Wilcox, Arthur V. Wilcox, J. Percy Keating, D. Webster Dougherty and Robert W. Lesley, executors of the last will and testament of James M. Wilcox, late of Lower Merion township, dec'd.

Q.
YOSHIY—Oct. 30—The first and final account of David F. Rehnert, executor of the estate of William Yorgy, late of the borough of Pottstown, dec'd.

JOSEPH C. CRAWFORD, Register.

hang my hat on her eyes. Why? Simply on account of her brain power. It means strong nerve force, and that means action later on. I want a thin neck and retreating brisquet. The lines above and below must not be straight, or she will steal from you; I want her slightly depressed behind the shoulders, with sharp chine; I don't want too straight a back bone. She must have large organs of reproduction—you don't want a cow with a straight back; I want her wedge shaped. I want two wedges, large in rear and large heart girth i. e., wide between forward legs, sharp on shoulder. This gives me large heart action and strong arterial circulation I want. Then last, but by no means least, she must have a good udder, for one-half of the value of the cow is in her udder. She should have a long udder from front to rear. Then she must have a good handle on the each corner of her udder. And why? Because if she gives two pails of milk a day it is a matter of some labor to milk her."

One advantage in keeping hogs is that the sows are prolific, and the herd is soon increased to a large number, which enables a farmer to begin with swine on less capital than may be required for cattle; but to make a success with hogs one should have sufficient shelter and other conveniences. Hogs are expensive in winter if exposed to cold and dampness.

60 YEARS OLD

and generally played out, when I commenced to use Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy," writes R. L. Young, of Hiram, Ohio. "For years I have suffered with inflammation and constant pain in the bladder and kidneys, and have gradually grown weaker and expected at any time that passing urine by nature's effort would cease. Besides I had rheumatic pain in every muscle and joint, and have suffered intensely, but I must say I have not in five years felt as well as I do now. Have improved daily since I began the use of

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

About a week ago I gave a man afflicted with bladder trouble, some Favorite Remedy and to-day he said: "That is a great medicine. I am better already," and he drove eight miles to get a bottle of it.

GEO. W. BACH

HARNESS MAKER

COLLEGEVILLE, - - PENNA.

Full Line of Hand-made and Factory Harness on Hand.

Blankets, whips, brushes, combs, etc.

All harness guaranteed for one year.

Repairing of harness, trunks and valises promptly attended to.

The renovation of old harness a specialty.

When in Norristown, Pa., STOP AT THE RAMBO HOUSE,

(Opposite Court House).

First-class Accommodations for Man and Beast.

Stabling for 100 horses. Rates reasonable. Both English and German spoken.

P. K. Gable, Proprietor.

PRICES REDUCED

AT—

Davis' Blacksmith Shop

COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

Four new shoes, any style or shape, put on for 50 cents.

J. E. Davis.

JUST RECEIVED

NEW PROCESS COAL OIL STOVES!

Safe, Reliable, and Low in Price.

A. K. HUNSICKER,

Collegeville, Pa.

NOTICE!

Threshing and feed cutting done at short notice and upon reasonable terms by

THEO. M. CASSELLBERRY,

Ironbridge P. O., Pa.

WANTED.

Several faithful men or women to travel for responsible established house in Pennsylvania. Salary \$750, payable \$15 weekly and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National, Star Building, Chicago.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give healthy action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple plan of doing a good thing for the world? Write JOHN WRIGHT, Box 1, Pottstown, Pa., and list of two hundred inventions.

GRISTOCK & VANDERSLICE,

Collegeville, Pa.,

DEALERS IN

LUMBER,

Various grades, dressed and undressed.

SHINGLES, split and saved

PICKETS, CEDAR AND CHESTNUT RAILS.

Lehigh and Schuylkill

COAL. - - COAL.

FLOUR,

Corn, - Bran, - Middlings, OATS, LINSEED MEAL, AND CAKE MEAL.

Shoemaker's Phosphate, and others, Harrison's Town and Country Paint, second to none in the market. Also Harrison's Rough and Ready Paint, a cheap durable paint for barns and fencing.

THE

PROVIDENCE

INDEPENDENT

Holds it own in the field of journalism, by continuing to deserve the confidence of its readers.

Those who have read the INDEPENDENT for twenty years will tell you that it does its level best to advocate right and oppose wrong!

It won't always please you; it can't always please you any more than you can always please yourself.

If you are not a reader of the INDEPENDENT, become one, and give it a fair, intelligent trial! Then your judgment will tell you all about it.

If you are a reader, ask your friend or neighbor to do as you are doing. You can certainly never lose anything by doing a good thing.

The INDEPENDENT believes in honest goods, honest money, honest purposes and honest action.

Subscribe for the INDEPENDENT. \$1.25 per year in advance!

As an advertising medium the INDEPENDENT occupies a front place in the procession. Rates furnished upon application.

All kinds of Job Work executed in a satisfactory manner at the right prices at the

INDEPENDENT OFFICE,

Collegeville, Pa.

ROBERTS MACHINE COMPANY,

COLLEGEVILLE, PA.,

--- MANUFACTURERS OF ---

Roberts Safety Steam and Hot Water Boilers.

—FOR—

Efficiency, Simplicity and Durability,

—THEY ARE—

UNEXCELLED

Communicate with us before placing your order for a heater elsewhere.

No matter how small or large your requirements are, we can meet them.

Change in Firm and Dissolution Sale.

Like ours does not occur every season. We give a clear reason why we are cutting the profits of our sales. It's to raise money. The younger members of this firm propose to continue the business after the retirement of Mr. A. Weitzenkorn with: First, New Stock and New Methods; Second, Without withdrawing the outgoing partner one cent. That's why our prices are so much lower. That's why we want to get every dollar possible out of our stock. It's an opportunity to lay in your Fall and Winter Clothing at prices as low as most dealers pay at wholesale. Will you not come and see if this is not so? Your money back for any unsatisfactory purchase.

DISSOLUTION * BARGAINS

Clothing.--Fall Overcoats, formerly \$10, dissolution price, \$8.50. Men's everyday suits from \$5, former price, to \$8.50, dissolution price. Men's all-wool fast color Clay Diagonal Suits from \$10, former price, to \$7.50, dissolution price. Boys' all-wool suits from \$2.00, former price, to \$1.50, dissolution price. Boys' blue Chinchilla Reefers from \$3.50, former price, to \$1.98, dissolution price. Boys' all-wool Fancy Cheviot suits from \$3.00, former price, to \$2.98, dissolution price. Men's heavy Pea Jackets, storm coats, from \$3, former price, to \$2.50, dissolution price.

Furnishings.--25 cent Suspenders, 19 cents. 15 cent Suspenders, 10 cents. \$1.00 Colored Bosom Shirts, to 59 cents. 50 cent Underwear, 29 cents.

Hats.--25 cent Golf Caps, 19 cents. \$1.50 Stiff Hats, \$1.00. 75c. leather Tam-O'Shanter, 50c. 50c. cloth Tam-O'Shanter, 25c.

0000000000000000

A. Weitzenkorn & Sons,

Car or Toll Fare Paid to Purchasers. Pottstown, Pa.

The Norristown Title, Trust and Safe Deposit Co., Capital \$250,000

Main and DeKalb Sts., Norristown, Pa.

JOHN W. LOCH, Pres't. F. G. HOBSON, Treasurer and Trust Officer.

PAY 3 PER CENT. Interest on Time Deposits. PAY 2 PER CENT. Interest on Active Accounts. Acts as Executor, Trustee, Guardian, Assignee, Committee, Receiver, Agent, and in all legal capacities. Becomes Surety for those acting in fiduciary relations. Insures Titles to Real Estate and mortgages. Issues certified general receipts. Keeps Boxes in burglar proof vaults. Send for book with full explanations.

Business Established 1857. Incorporated 1889.

CAPITAL : : \$250,000.

The Albertson Trust and Safe Deposit Co.

OF NORRISTOWN, PA.

President, GEORGE W. ROGERS. Vice-President, ABNER U. HOWARD.

Treasurer, WILLIAM E. ALBERTSON.

Deposits of Money Received on Interest.

3 PER CENT. Interest paid on Deposits payable with Check or Ten Days Notice.

2 PER CENT. Interest paid on Deposits subject to Check on Demand.

Buy and Sell Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Notes or Obligations.

Accepts Trusts. Becomes Security for Persons Holding Positions of Trust.

FOR YOUR CEMETERY WORK,

—IN—

Marble or Granite,

PLAIN AND ARTISTIC DESIGNS.

—GO TO—

H. L. SAYLOR, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

All work guaranteed and prices the lowest; call and be convinced.

Enterprise - Marble - Works.

H. E. BRANDT, Proprietor.

(Successor to D. T. Buckwalter.)

Monuments, Tombstones, OF ITALIAN OR AMERICAN MARBLE OR GRANITE.

In the Finest and Latest Designs, at Low Figures.

Every description of CEMETERY WORK, COPING, GALVANIZED RAILING, &c., promptly executed.

All stock on hand, including Fine Monuments and Tombstones, will be sold at a sacrifice to make room for new work.

H. E. BRANDT, - - - ROYERSFORD, PA.

Stop Naturally!

You Don't Have to Swear off!

makes the nervous system strong, and brings back the feelings of youth to the prematurely old man. It restores lost vigor. You may gain ten pounds in ten days.

GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE.

Go buy and try a box to-day. It costs only \$1. Your own druggist will guarantee a cure or money refunded. Booklet, written guarantee of cure and sample free. Address nearest office.

THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO. MONTREAL, CAN. NEW YORK.

Stop Naturally!

You Don't Have to Swear off!

makes the nervous system strong, and brings back the feelings of youth to the prematurely old man. It restores lost vigor. You may gain ten pounds in ten days.

GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE.

Go buy and try a box to-day. It costs only \$1. Your own druggist will guarantee a cure or money refunded. Booklet, written guarantee of cure and sample free. Address nearest office.

THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO. MONTREAL, CAN. NEW YORK.

CASCARETS

candy cathartic cure constipation. Purely vegetable, smooth and easy, sold by druggists everywhere, guaranteed to cure. Only 10c.

ROBERTS MACHINE COMPANY,

COLLEGEVILLE, PA.,

--- MANUFACTURERS OF ---

Roberts Safety Steam and Hot Water Boilers.

—FOR—

Efficiency, Simplicity and Durability,

—THEY ARE—

UNEXCELLED

Communicate with us before placing your order for a heater elsewhere.

No matter how small or large your requirements are, we can meet them.

Change in Firm and Dissolution Sale.

Like ours does not occur every season. We give a clear reason why we are cutting the profits of our sales. It's to raise money. The younger members of this firm propose to continue the business after the retirement of Mr. A. Weitzenkorn with: First, New Stock and New Methods; Second, Without withdrawing the outgoing partner one cent. That's why our prices are so much lower. That's why we want to get every dollar possible out of our stock. It's an opportunity to lay in your Fall and Winter Clothing at prices as low as most dealers pay at wholesale. Will you not come and see if this is not so? Your money back for any unsatisfactory purchase.

DISSOLUTION * BARGAINS

Clothing.--Fall Overcoats, formerly \$10, dissolution price, \$8.50. Men's everyday suits from \$5, former price, to \$8.50, dissolution price. Men's all-wool fast color Clay Diagonal Suits from \$10, former price, to \$7.50, dissolution price. Boys' all-wool suits from \$2.00, former price, to \$1.50, dissolution price. Boys' blue Chinchilla Reefers from \$3.50, former price, to \$1.98, dissolution price. Boys' all-wool Fancy Cheviot suits from \$3.00, former price, to \$2.98, dissolution price. Men's heavy Pea Jackets, storm coats, from \$3, former price, to \$2.50, dissolution price.

Furnishings.--25 cent Suspenders, 19 cents. 15 cent Suspenders, 10 cents. \$1.00 Colored Bosom Shirts, to 59 cents. 50 cent Underwear, 29 cents.

Hats.--25 cent Golf Caps, 19 cents. \$1.50 Stiff Hats, \$1.00. 75c. leather Tam-O'Shanter, 50c. 50c. cloth Tam-O'Shanter, 25c.

0000000000000000

A. Weitzenkorn & Sons,

Car or Toll Fare Paid to Purchasers. Pottstown, Pa.

The Norristown Title, Trust and Safe Deposit Co., Capital \$250,000

Main and DeKalb Sts., Norristown, Pa.

JOHN W. LOCH, Pres't. F. G. HOBSON, Treasurer and Trust Officer.

PAY 3 PER CENT. Interest on Time Deposits. PAY 2 PER CENT. Interest on Active Accounts. Acts as Executor, Trustee, Guardian, Assignee, Committee, Receiver, Agent, and in all legal capacities. Becomes Surety for those acting in fiduciary relations. Insures Titles to Real Estate and mortgages. Issues certified general receipts. Keeps Boxes in burglar proof vaults. Send for book with full explanations.

Business Established 1857. Incorporated 1889.

CAPITAL : : \$250,000.

The Albertson Trust and Safe Deposit Co.

OF NORRISTOWN, PA.

President, GEORGE W. ROGERS. Vice-President, ABNER U. HOWARD.

Treasurer, WILLIAM E. ALBERTSON.

Deposits of Money Received on Interest.

3 PER CENT. Interest paid on Deposits payable with Check or Ten Days Notice.

2 PER CENT. Interest paid on Deposits subject to Check on Demand.

Buy and Sell Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Notes or Obligations.

Accepts Trusts. Becomes Security for Persons Holding Positions of Trust.

FOR YOUR CEMETERY WORK,

—IN—

Marble or Granite,

PLAIN AND ARTISTIC DESIGNS.

—GO TO—

H. L. SAYLOR, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

All work guaranteed and prices the lowest; call and be convinced.

Enterprise - Marble - Works.

H. E. BRANDT, Proprietor.

(Successor to D. T. Buckwalter.)

Monuments, Tombstones, OF ITALIAN OR AMERICAN MARBLE OR GRANITE.

In the Finest and Latest Designs, at Low Figures.

Every description of CEMETERY WORK, COPING, GALVANIZED RAILING, &c., promptly executed.

All stock on hand, including Fine Monuments and Tombstones, will be sold at a sacrifice to make room for new work.

H. E. BRANDT, - - - ROYERSFORD, PA.

Stop Naturally!

You Don't Have to Swear off!

makes the nervous system strong, and brings back the feelings of youth to the prematurely old man. It restores lost vigor. You may gain ten pounds in ten days.

GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE.

Go buy and try a box to-day. It costs only \$1. Your own druggist will guarantee a cure or money refunded. Booklet, written guarantee of cure and sample free. Address nearest office.

THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO. MONTREAL, CAN. NEW YORK.

Stop Naturally!

You Don't Have to Swear off!

makes the nervous system strong, and brings back the feelings of youth to the prematurely old man. It restores lost vigor. You may gain ten pounds in ten days.

GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE.

Go buy and try a box to-day. It costs only \$1. Your own druggist will guarantee a cure or money refunded. Booklet, written guarantee of cure and sample free. Address nearest office.

THE STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO. MONTREAL, CAN. NEW YORK.

CASCARETS

candy cathartic cure constipation. Purely vegetable, smooth and easy, sold by druggists everywhere, guaranteed to cure. Only 10c.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to J. MUNY & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest Bureau for securing patents in the United States. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. No advertiser can afford to neglect this medium. No man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year, \$1.25 six months. Address, MUNY & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

HELLO, WE'RE ON TOP!

DEISHERS'

Home-Made Bread Is the BEST!

Try a Nice Pie! some Cream Puffs. Our Layer Cake, at 15c. per pound, is a ICE CREAM, any flavor, every day in the year. Brick Form a specialty. Let us Bake your Wedding Cake.

We Are Up-to-Date Caterers.

ADDRESS US:

Royersford, - - Penna.

CALL AGAIN.

Harvey K. Moyer

Butcher

And Dealer in the best

BEEF, VEAL & MUTTON.

Visits Collegeville, Trappe, and vicinity on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings of each week. Thankful to the public for past favors, he invites continued patronage. Highest cash price paid for calves.

3asp.

HARVEY K. MOYER.

Great Slaughter in Prices!--For the next 30 days I will reduce prices on Harness to Factory Prices. Any one ordering harness in the next 30 days may have the benefit of these prices,--everything else in proportion. Blankets, Saddles, Bridles, Boots, Whips, Stable Brooms, Combs, Brushes, etc. Also a lot of choice grade Cigars. Box trade a specialty.

W. E. JOHNSON,

PROVIDENCE SQUARE, PA.

HUMPHREYS'

No. 1 Cures Fever.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Infants' Diseases.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 5 " Coughs.
No. 6 Cures Neuralgia.
No. 7 " Headache.
No. 8 " Dyspepsia.
No. 9 " Delayed Periods.
No. 10 " Leucorrhoea.
No. 11 Cures Group.
No. 12 " Skin Diseases.
No. 13 " Rheumatism.
No. 14 " Malaria.
No. 15 " Catarrh.
No. 16 Cures Whooping Cough.
No. 17 " Asthma.
No. 18 " General Debility.
No. 19 " Sea-Sickness.
No. 20 " Kidney Diseases.
No. 21 Cures Nervous Debility.
No. 22 " Urinary Diseases.
No. 23 " Heart Disease.